$\label{eq:thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE~2. Number, incidence~rate$^1$, and median days$^2$ away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work$^3$ for musculoskeletal disorders$^4$ by part of body and ownership, Kentucky, 2013 \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days awa from work
Total private industry <sup>5,6,7</sup>	4,510	37.4	10
Neck, including throat	30 30	.3 .3	25 25
Frunk	2,300	19.1	9
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	70	.5	6
Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	70	.5	6
Back, including spine, spinal cord	1,890	15.7	7
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	750	6.2	7
Thoracic region	100	.8	2
Lumbar region	1,010	8.4 .2	8 5
Multiple back regions	20 250	2.1	25
Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	250	2.1	25
Pelvic region	90	.8	24
Hip(s)	50	.4	44
Groin	40	.4	16
Jpper extremities	1,210	10.1	20
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	750	6.2	18
Arm(s)	140	1.2	22
Arm(s), unspecified	40 20	.3 .2	5 20
Elbow(s)	70	.6	42
Wrist(s)	180	1.5	23
Hand(s)	90	.8	14
Hand(s), unspecified	20	.2	2
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	60	.5	58
Finger(s), fingernail(s), unspecified	50 40	.4 .4	58 40
Lower extremities	720	6.1	7
Leg(s)	730 560	6.1 4.7	7
Leg(s), unspecified	30	.3	'7
Knee(s)	480	4.0	12
Lower leg(s)	30	.2	3
Ankle(s)	140	1.2	5
Foot (feet)	20 20	.2 .2	13 15
root (reet), unspecined	20	.2	15
Multiple body parts	220	1.8	4
Multiple body parts, unspecified  Neck and back	50 20	.4 .2	1 3
Other multiple body parts	120	1.0	8
Multiple body parts, n.e.c.	120	1.0	8
Total state government <sup>5,6,7</sup>	270	36.0	16
Frunk	160	21.3	19
Back, including spine, spinal cord	130	17.5	19
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	90	12.8	43
Lumbar region	30	4.1	4
Pelvic region	20	2.7	14
Hip(s)	20	2.4	3
Jpper extremities	40	5.6	16
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	20	3.2	17
Lower extremities	40	5.6	10
Leg(s)	30	4.7	14
Knee(s)	30	4.6	14
Multiple body parts	20	2.9	11
Other multiple body parts	20	2.4	11
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20	2.4	11

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days<sup>2</sup> away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> for musculoskeletal disorders<sup>4</sup> by part of body and ownership, Kentucky, 2013 — Continued

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total local government <sup>5,6,7</sup>	910	70.8	6
Trunk Back, including spine, spinal cord	380 320	29.9 25.0	6
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified		14.7 9.6	6 5
Abdomen	40 40	2.9 2.9	6
Pelvic region	20	1.2	28
Upper extremities	230	18.3	39
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)		14.2	49
Wrist(s)		1.9	15
Multiple upper extremities locations	20	1.4	33
Lower extremities	240	18.8	3
Leg(s)	190	14.5	3
Knee(s)	110	8.8	1
Multiple leg locations	60	4.8	3
Ankle(s)	40	3.4	3
Multiple body parts	40	3.1	7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, incidence rate1, and median days2 away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work3 for musculoskeletal disorders4 by part of body and ownership, Kentucky, 2013 -Continued

	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
Part	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Other multiple body parts	20 20	1.2 1.2	4 4

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of iniuries illnesses and EΗ hours worked employees = total by all during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) include cases where the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries